



Conflicts of Interest / Related Party Transactions Policy

Dated: May 2023

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 This is a Board approved policy adopted for Silverfin Capital Limited (the '**Manager**', '**us**' or '**we**') to identify and deal with:
- a conflicts of interest that may arise in our business; and
 - b transactions involving related party benefits.
- 1.2 This Policy sets out how we endeavour to identify and deal with conflicts of interest and potential related party transactions appropriately and in the most effective and efficient way possible, ensuring that the conflict is resolved in a way that is fair to investors.
- 1.3 In addition to general obligations applying at law, this Policy has been prepared in the context of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 ('**FMC Act**') and the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations 2014.
- 1.4 In particular, this Policy has regard to:
- a The duties applying to the Manager under section 143 of the FMC Act to:
 - i act honestly in acting as a manager;
 - ii in exercising any powers or performing any duties as a manager act in the best interests of scheme participants and treat scheme participants equitably
 - iii not make use of information acquired through being the manager in order to gain an improper advantage for itself or any other person or cause detriment to scheme participants.
 - b The duties applying to directors and senior managers of the Manager under section 145 of the FMC Act not to make:
 - i use of information acquired through the relevant position in order to gain an improper advantage for himself or herself or any other person or cause detriment to scheme participants; or
 - ii improper use of their position to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for himself or herself or any other person or to cause detriment to scheme participants.
 - c The restrictions applying to related party transactions under sections 173 to 175 of the FMC Act.
- 1.5 The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for maintaining the Policy and ensuring it remains relevant and up to date. The Chief Executive Officer and key senior management will review the Policy periodically and present any recommended amendments to the Board for approval.
- 1.6 The Manager's Code of Ethics policy is also relevant to the content of this Policy.

2 Conflicts of Interest

Purpose

- 2.1 The purpose of this part of the Policy is to provide a framework that ensures that effective processes and procedures are in place to:

- a identify conflicts of interest that may give rise to a material risk of damage to the interests of an investor in Silverfin's property syndication schemes, or those looking to invest in those schemes (each an '**Investor**');
- b provide for the effective disclosure of identified conflicts of interest;
- c provide a process for resolving any conflicts of interest,
- d ensure that appropriate processes are in place for managing any potential conflicts of interest, including having appropriate restrictions; and
- e ensure that appropriate processes are in place for managing the acquisition and disposal of units in Silverfin's property syndication schemes by directors, senior managers and employees of Silverfin Capital Limited.

2.2 Below we set out how each of the above purposes is achieved within our organisation.

3 Identifying conflicts of interest

What is a 'conflict of interest'?

- 3.1 Broadly speaking, a 'conflict of interest' is a situation where a person has a personal interest or divided loyalties in a matter that is the subject of a decision or duty of that person.
- 3.2 In the context of investment decisions made in respect of Silverfin's schemes, it means a financial or any other interest, a relationship, or any other association of any of the following persons that would, or could reasonably be expected to, materially influence the investment decisions in relation to the relevant scheme:
 - a the Manager, its directors, and its senior managers;
 - b any employee of the Manager who has a significant impact on the investment decisions that are made in respect of the scheme (which, in our case, means the Chief Financial Officer);
 - c a property manager of a scheme's asset;
 - d an associated person, as defined in the FMC Act, of the Manager (or a director or senior manager of that associated person).
- 3.3 Conflicts of interest may arise between:
 - a Investors;
 - b staff members, senior managers, executives, and directors of the Manager (each an '**Employee**') and Investors;
 - c the Manager and Investors; and
 - d Suppliers' employees and contractors and Investors.
- 3.4 We understand that conflicts can arise at any time and that we need to be alert to the possibility that a conflict may arise. This means providing a clear understanding as to who is required to disclose a conflict of interest, and how conflicts of interest may be identified and assessed.

Who is obliged to disclose a conflict of interest?

- 3.5 All Employees are required to identify potential and actual conflicts of interests and disclose any identified conflict of interest to the appropriate person.
- 3.6 We operate our business on the principle that in order to identify a conflict of interest, all Employees should understand the importance of focusing on any overlap between two

interests. Employees also understand that disclosing even a potential conflict of interest is the best approach and all Employees are encouraged to err on the side of openness.

Identifying a conflict of interest

- 3.7 In order to identify a conflict of interest, we will consider all the factual circumstances surrounding a given relationship and take into account:
- a the likelihood of the Manager or an Employee making a financial gain at the expense of an Investor;
 - b where the Manager or an Employee has an interest in the outcome of a service provided to either; an Investor or of a transaction carried out on behalf of the Investor, or a scheme, which is distinct from the Investor's interest in that outcome; and
 - c any interest the Manager or an Employee may have in the assets of a Silverfin's scheme or the valuation of those assets;
 - d where the Manager or an Employee has a financial or other incentive to favour the interest of an Investor or group of Investors over the interests over another Investor; and
 - e where the Manager or an Employee receives or will receive from a person other than the Investor an inducement in relation to a service provided to the Investor or the scheme, other than the standard commission or fee (if any) for that service.
- 3.8 The above will be assessed in relation to selecting particular investments, as well as where an Employee has an interest in a scheme or where an Employee makes property investments on their own account.
- 3.9 In order to enable us to identify potential conflicts of interest, any potential business for the Manager, and any specific transaction, is to be disclosed to the fullest extent possible.
- 3.10 Each Employee is asked to turn their mind to each potential piece of business and to whether a conflict of interest may arise from accepting that business or undertaking a particular transaction. This is detailed further in section 6 ('Managing potential conflicts of interest').

4 Disclosing conflicts of interest

- 4.1 In the event that an Employee considers there is a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest the Employee is required to disclose that conflict of interest by submitting a Conflict of Interest Declaration (Appendix B).
- 4.2 Each Employee is required to individually understand the appropriate person to which that Employee should disclose the conflict of interest to. For example:
- a a director or senior manager of the Manager who identifies a conflict of interest must disclose his or her conflict at a meeting of the Board
 - b a staff member who identifies a conflict of interest must disclose the conflict to the Chief Executive Officer
 - c all directors must complete the Conflict of Interest Declaration and the Executive Assistant will update the Conflicts of Interest Register. This will be considered at each board meeting and updated with any new directorships and potential conflicts.

- 4.3 The seriousness of the conflict or potential conflict will be assessed by the appropriate person for a given identified conflict to determine the next steps for managing that conflict.

5 Resolving conflicts of interest

- 5.1 If a conflict of interest is identified by an Employee and confirmed as a legitimate conflict or potential conflict by the appropriate person the conflict was disclosed to, we have processes to resolve the conflict.
- 5.2 The process to resolve or extinguish the conflict will largely depend on the conflicted parties or transaction. The options for dealing with the conflict may include:
- a if it is deemed necessary within the organisation, an Employee may be asked to step aside from working on a specific transaction or participating in the management of a potential conflict of interest;
 - b we may not be able to undertake a particular transaction or take on a new Investor;
 - c a decision may be taken by us to disclose the conflict to the Investor or stakeholder (in such a case, disclosures must be made regarding any conflict of interest with sufficient time for the recipient to understand the conflict and make an informed decision about the conflict); or
 - d an Employee may have to withdraw from discussing a particular issue at a meeting (particularly in the case of a conflicted Board member).
- 5.3 We understand that if circumstances change, a decision about whether there is a conflict of interest, or how to manage it, may need to be reviewed. If necessary, the decision as to what action should be taken will be referred to the Board.
- 5.4 A director of the Manager who has a continuing conflict of interest of a material nature that cannot be satisfactorily resolved after appropriate consultation should consider resignation as a director, in particular where the material continuing conflict of interest prejudices his or her ability to contribute to the affairs of the Board and to the management of Silverfin's schemes to the same extent as the other directors.

6 Managing potential conflicts of interest

- 6.1 We also have procedures in place to manage potential conflicts of interest, in order to best mitigate any chance of a conflict arising. Any conflicts that do arise are managed in the most appropriate way for the particular conflict and the conflicting parties.
- 6.2 We manage potential conflicts in the following ways:
- a We require all material information to be recorded and maintained in order to have adequate records to be able to identify any conflict.
 - b All Employees are required to minimise the possibility of a conflict of interest in their involvement with the Manager, including by restricting their involvement in businesses that could lead to a conflict of interest.
 - c We have appropriate controls in place to identify and manage cross-board memberships and outside business interests of Employees.
 - d There is a periodic review of the adequacy of our systems and controls.
 - e In addition to 'insider trading' restrictions that apply under the FMC Act, Employees who hold material information about Silverfin scheme assets are restricted from

undertaking trades in interests in those schemes, and require pre-approval before undertaking trades outside what that Employee is already approved to undertake. This ensures that appropriate separation of trading decisions is maintained within the organisation.

- f We require that asset values are authorised by an appropriate manager before being adopted. In the event that a conflict of interest arises in the valuation of the assets, it will be dealt with according to this policy. This ensures that any conflict in valuing an asset is mitigated by being reviewed by more than one person within the organisation.

7 Processes for managing the acquisition and disposal of units in Silverfin's property syndication schemes by directors, senior managers and employees

- 7.1 There is potential for a conflict of interest in the acquisition of units in a Silverfin syndication scheme by directors, senior managers and employees of the Manager (together termed 'Employees'). The policy to be followed by Employees to manage any perceived conflict is as follows:
 - a Any Employee is free to purchase units in a new scheme, during the scheme's initial sell down period, without seeking Silverfin's director's approval as there is no perceived conflict of interest during this sell down period. Silverfin will offer a discount to the Employees and direct family on the purchase price of the unit(s) equivalent to the brokerage fee payable for the sale of a unit (2%). Direct family includes the spouse, children, parents and parents-in-law (but not siblings) of the employee or additional family members at the discretion of the Board.
 - b Once a scheme is established (i.e. settlement has occurred) any transactions involving the acquisition or disposal of a unit in that scheme by an Employee or a related party to an Employee, must be approved by at least two of Silverfin's directors prior to the transaction occurring. In approving the transaction, the directors must consider whether all material information relating to the scheme has been provided to the counter party in the particular transaction.
 - c Where B above applies and the transaction relates to an existing retail scheme, the supervisor's approval must also be obtained to the transaction in addition to Silverfin directors' approval.
 - d In the event that an Employee provides an underwrite for a scheme and at the conclusion of the sell-down, is left holding units, they do not receive the 2% discount. Buying units and underwriting units are two separate transactions.

8 Reporting

- 8.1 All directors, senior managers and other staff will provide a register of conflicts. This register must be updated annually or if conflicts arise or are released.
- 8.2 The Executive Assistant will maintain the Conflicts of Interest Register and Conflicts of Interest Folder.
- 8.3 The Conflicts of Interest Register is tabled at each Board Meeting.

9 Record Keeping

- 9.1 All conflicts of Interest Declarations will be kept in the conflicts of interest folder.
- 9.2 The conflicts of interest register is maintained in electronic format within the policies folder. Access to these records will be available through the Compliance Manager.

10 Related Party Transactions

11 Purpose

11.1 The purpose of this part of the Policy is to provide a framework that ensures that effective processes and procedures are in place to identify and manage related party transactions in accordance with the FMC Act.

11.2 Below we set out how the above purpose is achieved within our organisation.

12 What is a 'Related Party Benefit'?

12.1 A **'Related Party Benefit'**, in relation to a Silverfin scheme, is a benefit that is given:

- a either out of scheme property or creates an exposure to loss for scheme property; and
- b is received by a Related Party of the scheme; but
- c does not include fees or expenses that are paid or reimbursed to the Manager in accordance with the FMC Act or the scheme's governing document.

12.2 A 'Related Party' of a Silverfin scheme is:

- a any of the following persons (a 'scheme-connected person'):
 - i the Manager
 - ii any investment manager, administration manager, or other person to whom we have contracted out some or all of our functions as a manager
- b an associated person of a scheme-connected person
- c any person who was a Related Party of the scheme under paragraph 12.2a above at any time within the previous 6 months
- d a person who believes or has reasonable grounds to believe that they are likely to become a Related Party of the scheme under paragraph 12.2a above at any time within the next 12 months.

12.3 Under the FMC Act, no scheme-connected person is permitted to enter into a transaction that provides for a Related Party Benefit to be given unless:

- a the Manager notifies the supervisor of the scheme of the transaction or transactions, including the Related Party Benefits given under the transaction or transactions, and the key terms of the transaction or transactions, and either of the following applies:
 - i the Manager obtains the supervisor's consent to the transaction or transactions, and the supervisor certifies that:
 - A the supervisor considers that the transaction or transactions are in the best interests of scheme participants; or
 - B the transaction or transactions are approved by, or contingent on approval by, a special resolution of the class of scheme participants affected, or potentially affected, by the transaction or transactions.
 - ii section 174 of the FMC Act applies to the transaction or transactions or all Related Party Benefits to be given and the Manager certifies to that effect.

with the above termed a 'Permitted Related Party Benefit'

- 12.4 The certificate set out in Appendix A ('Certificate') lists the permitted Related Party Benefits under section 174 of the FMC Act as at the date of this Policy.

13 Process for identifying and managing Related Party Benefits

- 13.1 We will follow the following process for identifying Related Party Benefits:
- a At the time a transaction or series of transactions is contemplated, the Chief Financial Officer ('First Reviewer') will review the benefits to be provided under the transaction(s) to establish whether both of the following apply:
 - i The benefit is given out of scheme property or creates an exposure to loss for scheme property.
 - ii The benefit is given to, or received by, a Related Party of the scheme.
 - b If the First Reviewer believes the above criteria apply, they will check the Manager's records to establish whether there is an existing Certificate that applies (whether specifically or in general terms) to the transaction or transactions.
 - c If no such Certificate is found, the First Reviewer will confirm their view with the Chief Executive Officer ('Second Reviewer') that the relevant transaction does provide a Related Party Benefit.
 - d The First Reviewer will then discuss with the Second Reviewer whether the identified benefit may be a Permitted Related Party Benefit.
 - e If:
 - i the First and Second Reviewers agree that it is not a Permitted Related Party Benefit, the Board will be notified of that determination and provided with all information on which that determination was based.
 - ii the First and Second Reviewers agree that it may be a Permitted Related Party Benefit, they will provide the Board with a recommendation as to whether section 174 of the FMC Act or supervisor consent should be relied on in the circumstances and the following steps will be followed.
 - f Where the Board determines that supervisor consent is required, the scheme's supervisor will be notified of the transaction or transactions, including the Related Party Benefits given under the transaction or transactions, and the key terms of the transaction or transactions, and consent will be sought.
 - g Depending on the Board's decision, either:
 - i the supervisor will be approached in relation to giving its consent to the transaction(s); or
 - ii a Certificate will be prepared and signed by two directors on behalf of the Manager.
 - h The Manager will comply with its obligations to provide quarterly reports to the supervisor in relation to all Certificates given in the relevant quarter.
- 13.2 All Employees will provide all reasonable assistance, including providing information, in order to enable a determination to be made as to whether a Related Party Benefit or Permitted Related Party Benefit is to be given.
- 13.3 All records in relation to this process will be kept in accordance with the FMC Act and stored electronically. Access to these records will be available through the Compliance Manager.

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Version History

Version	Name of Change	Status	Person Making the Change	Date
March 2016	Initial – February 2016	Board approved for use until new version reviewed at June Meeting	Dave Brady	February 2016
May 2016	Amended	Approved	Dave Brady	May 2016
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October 2017	Annual Review	Board Approved	Julian Koppens	October 2017
April 2018	Annual Review		Julian Koppens	
April 2019	Annual Review	Board Approved	Julian Koppens	April 2019
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May 2021	Review	Board Approved	Julian Koppens	May 2021
May 2023	Review	Board Approved	Miles Brown	May 2023

Acceptance

Name	Title	Signature	Date
Murray Cleverley	Director	Board Meeting	
Alan Paterson	Chair	Board Meeting	
Alan Paterson	Chair	Board Meeting	29 April 2019
Murray Cleverley	Acting Chair	Board Meeting	1 April 2020
Murray Cleverley	Chair	Board Meeting	2 June 2021
Murray Cleverley	Chair	Board Meeting	7 June 2023

Appendix A - Form of Certificate

Certificate pursuant to sections 173 to 175 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 ('Act')

[Insert name of Manager] ('Manager')

I, **[full name of individual completing form]**, certify on behalf of the Manager (as the manager of the **[Insert name of Scheme] ('Scheme')**) that:

- 1 The Manager proposes to enter into the following transaction[s] (**'Transaction[s]'**):
 - a **[Describe transaction]**
- 2 The Transaction[s] provides for the following related party benefit[s] (as defined in the Act) to be given (**'Benefit[s]'**):
 - a **[Drafting note: If the monetary value of the related party benefit or benefits to which the certificate relates can be quantified, state the nature and monetary value of that benefit or those benefits. Otherwise, state the nature and extent of that benefit or those benefits.]**
- 3 Pursuant to section 173(2) of the Act:
 - a the Manager has notified the supervisor of the Scheme of the Transaction[s], including the Benefits[s], and the key terms of the Transaction(s); and
 - b section 174 of the Act applies to the Transaction[s] and the Benefit[s] on the following grounds: **[Drafting note: Delete all that are not applicable]**
 - i The Benefit[s] [is]/[are] given on terms that [would be reasonable in the circumstances if the parties were connected or related only by the Transaction[s] in question, each acting independently, and each acting in its own best interests]/[are less favourable to the related party than those that would be reasonable in the circumstances if the parties were connected or related only by the Transaction[s] in question, each acting independently, and each acting in its own best interests].
 - ii The Transaction[s] [is]/[are] an acquisition or a disposal of [a managed investment product in another registered scheme (as defined in the Act)] **OR** [an interest in a registered scheme (within the meaning of section 9 of the Corporations Act 2001 (Aust))].
 - iii The Transaction[s] [is]/[are] investments made in the ordinary course of business in products referred to in clause 21(a) to (c) of Schedule 1 of the Act.
 - iv The Transaction[s] [is]/[are] investments in Government securities as set out in regulation 102 of the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations 2014.
 - v The Transaction[s] [is a]/[are] transaction[s] to acquire first property as set out in regulation 103 of the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations 2014.

vi The Transaction[s] [is a]/[are] listed manager transaction[s] as set out in regulation 103 of the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations 2014.

4 Reasonable evidence supporting the following is **attached** to this certificate: **[Drafting note: Alternatively this information may be set out in the body of the certificate.]**

- a the statement under paragraph 2; and
- b the stated basis for relying on the relevant ground[s] in section 173 of the Act and section 174 of the Act, as set out in paragraph 3.

Signature of **[authorised person]**:

Date of signing:

Appendix B - Conflict of Interest Declaration

Name	Position
Section 1: Conflict of Interest Declaration	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> (✓) I declare that, to the best of my knowledge, there is no actual, perceived or potential current conflict of interest that will impact my duties at Silverfin.</p> <p>Or</p> <p>(✓) I declare that I have the following actual, perceived or potential current conflict of interest.</p> <p><i>If necessary, complete a form for each conflict identified.</i></p>	
Nature of Conflict: Relationship:	Estimated Value: \$
<input type="checkbox"/> (✓) Should an actual, perceived or potential conflict arise subsequently, I will make a further declaration and inform Silverfin.	
Signed	Date
Section 2: If a Conflict of interest is declared, this section must be completed by CEO (for staff) or Chairman for senior staff and Directors	
<p>Assessment and Management of any conflict of interest</p> <p><i>Consider whether the declared conflict is remote, significant manageable or unmanageable (refer to Conflicts of Interest Policy for guidance).</i></p>	
I have considered the declaration and the following steps have been agreed to avoid/mitigate the conflict(s):	
Name	Position
Signed	Date
Section 3: Removal of Conflict	
This issue is no longer considered a conflict and can be removed from the Register.	
Reason:	
Signed	Date
Authorised by:	Signed: Date:

